Office of Strategic Planning and Projects Connecticut Department of Transportation

CLIMATE CHANGE & EXTREME WEATHER PILOT PROJECT

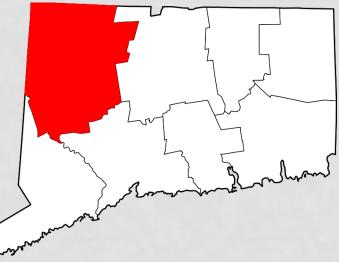
LITCHFIELD HILLS



Lake Waramaug, Warren/Kent/Washington

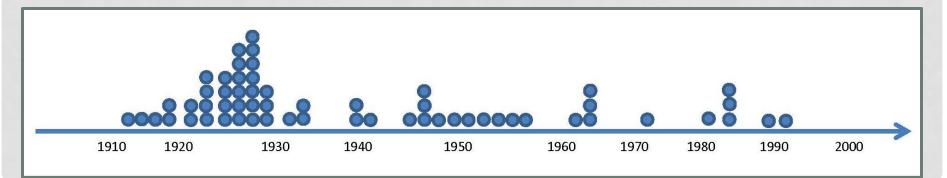
LITCHFIELD HILLS

- Northwest corner of Connecticut, historic, pastoral landscape at the foothills of the Berkshires (Appalachian range)
 - Population: 185,000
 - Land area: 920 sq. mi.
 - Density: 206 people/sq. mi.
 - Manhattan: 66,940 people/ sq. mi.
 - Economy: tourism, dairy farming, manufacturing
 - Older transportation infrastructure



STUDY STRUCTURES

- More than **135** structures were identified in the study area that met the review criteria
- Average structure age: 81 years
- 52 Structures underwent hydraulic evaluations
- 34 study structures satisfy hydraulic design criteria
 - *13 of those vulnerable to scour due to velocity
- 18 study structures do not satisfy hydraulic design criteria
- 19 structures are critical



ASSESSMENTS

- Hydraulic Evaluations
 - Performance (Rating) curves for structures:
 - Headwater depth vs. peak discharge
 - Velocity vs. peak discharge

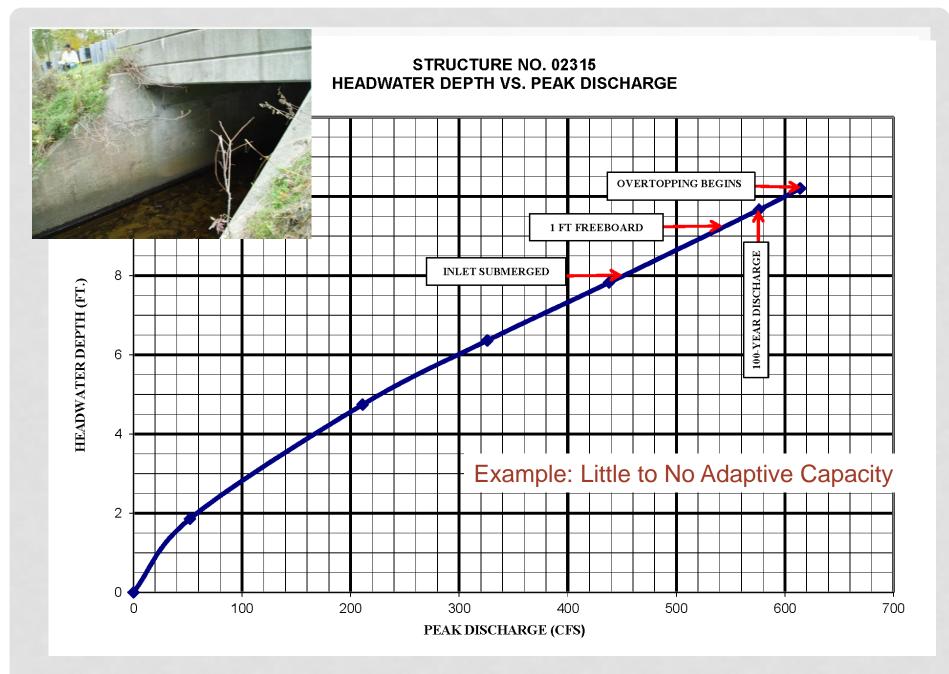
- Criticality/Vulnerability Assessments:
 - Criticality Matrix
 - Criticality ranking for structures

CRITICALITY MATRIX

Structure: 06712 Location: Watertown

Year Built: 1966 Criticality Ranking: 4

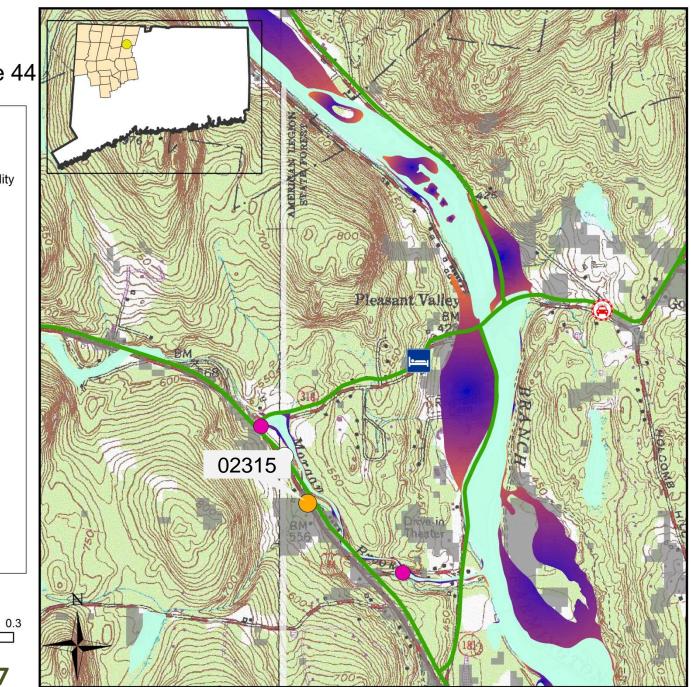
	Very Low to Low			Moderate				Critical to Very Critical		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Hydraulic	High adaptive capacity			Moderate adaptive capacity				Low adaptive capacity		
	No history of closure			History of periodic closures				Significant history of closure		
								Scour critical		
	Satisfies WSE criteria			Adjacent to scour critical structures				Does not satisfy WSE criteria		
Spatial	Outside FEMA flood zones			Within 500 year FEMA flood zone				Within 100 year FEMA flood zone		
	Low concentration of impervious surfaces			Moderate concentration of impermeable surfaces				High concentration of impermeable surfaces		
Social	Low ADT & V/C			Moderate ADT & V/C				High ADT & V/C		
	0-4 accidents			5 or more accidents				Emergency route		
	Non-NHS, non-emergency route			NHS route				Emergency services cluster		

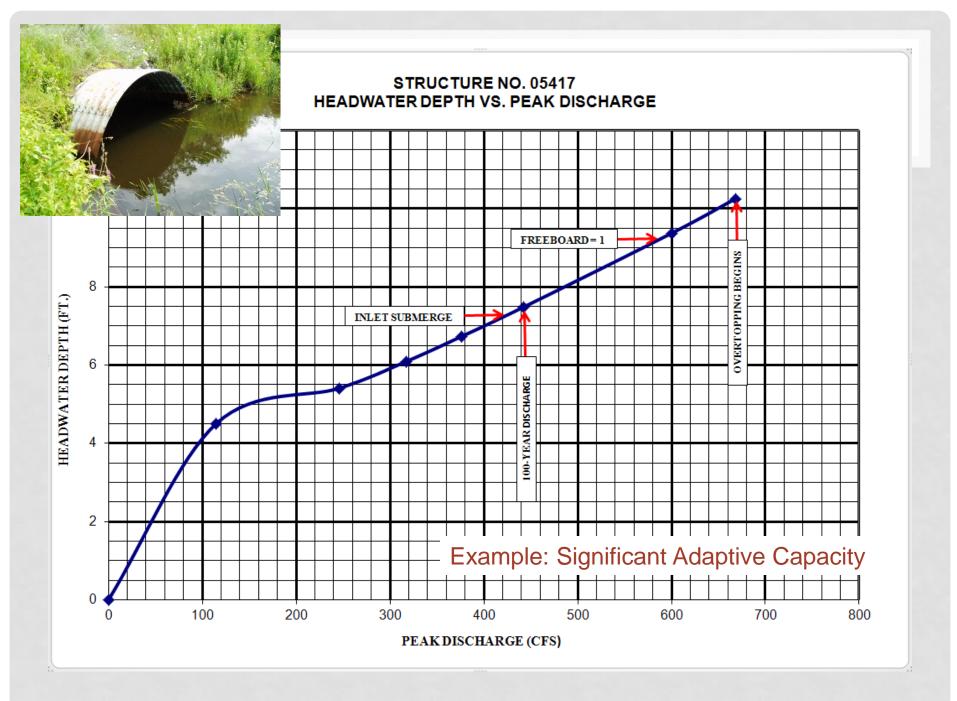


Barkhamsted- Route 44

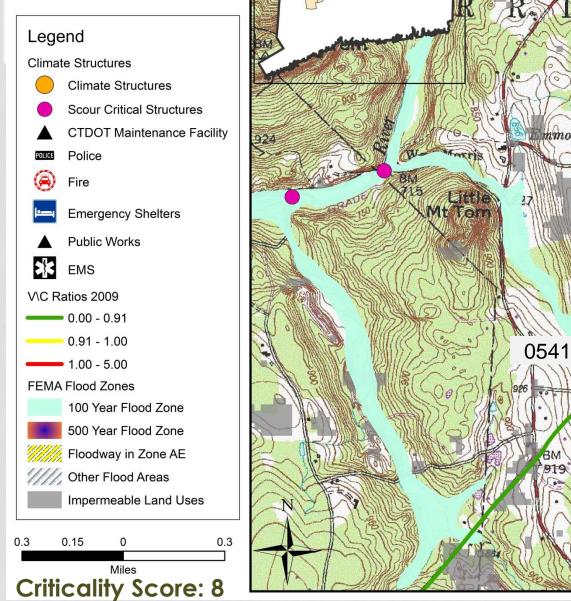


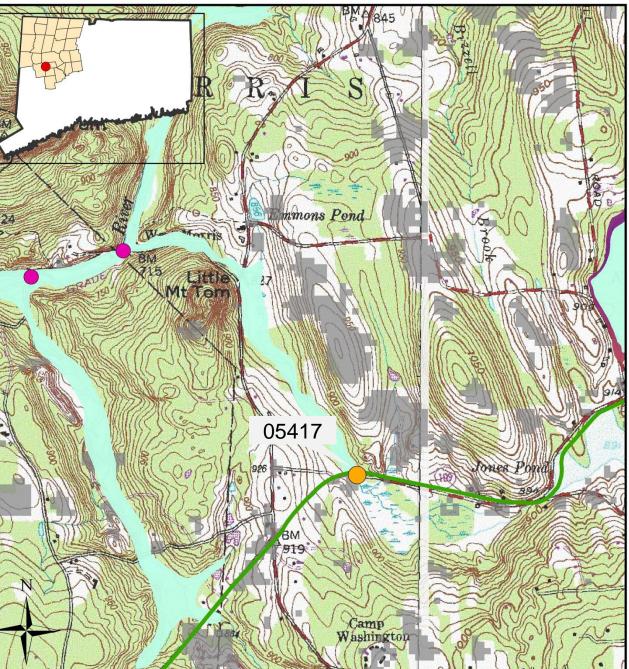


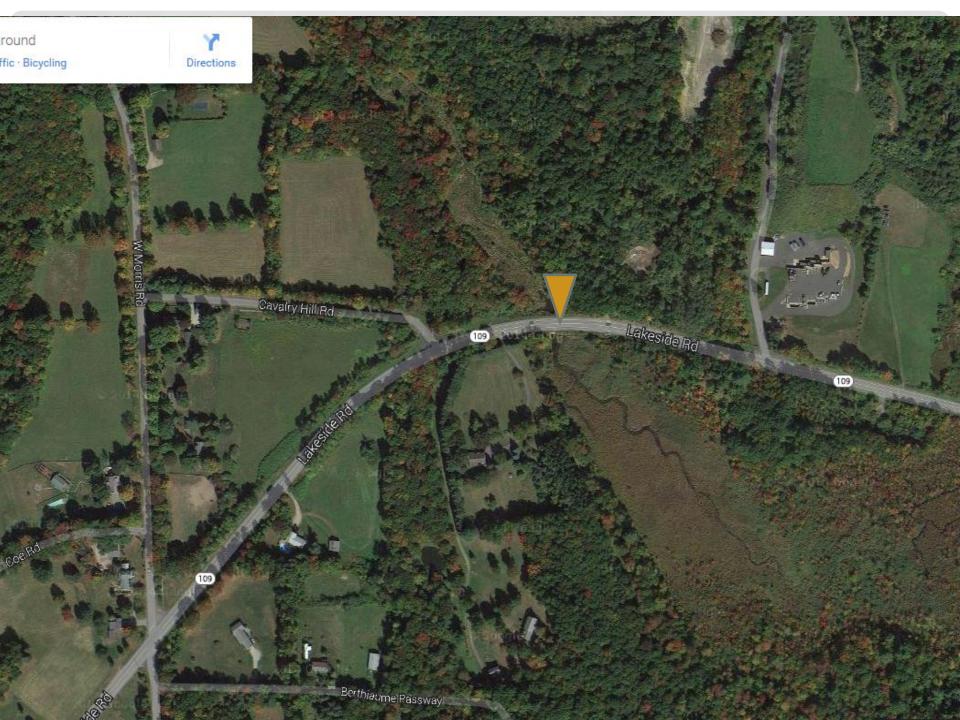


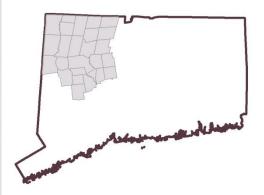


Morris- Route 109







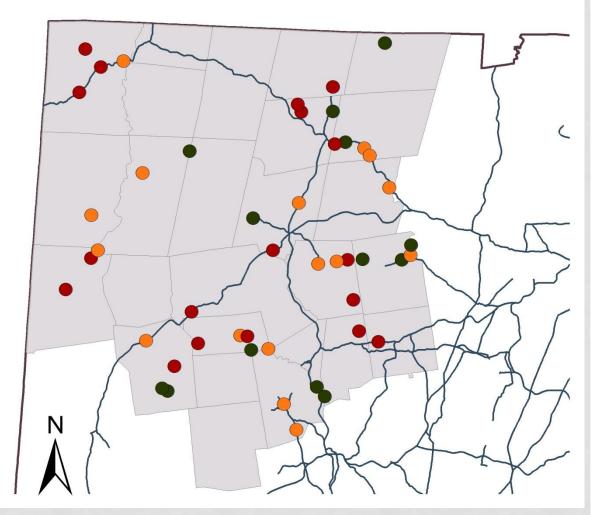


Legend

- Low Risk
- Moderate Risk
- High Risk
- —— National Highway System
 - Study Region



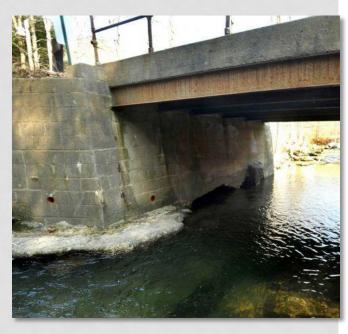
Litchfield Hills Study Structures Criticality Rankings



PROJECT FINDINGS

Factors related to Resiliency:

- Velocity-erosion-scour impact vulnerability and adaptive capacity
- Many structures near end of their service life may be more vulnerable
- Hydraulic design methods of older structures are unknown
- Precipitation Estimates
 - Precip.net vs. TP-40
 - NOAA Atlas 14 will be used when released
 - Precip.net estimates higher for less frequent storm events (500, 100, 50 year)



Example of bridge scour, New Milford

THANK YOU

Project Contacts

Stephanie Molden Stephanie.Molden@ct.gov

Michael Hogan, P.E. Michael.Hogan@ct.gov

David Elder, AICP, GISP <u>David.Elder@ct.gov</u>